

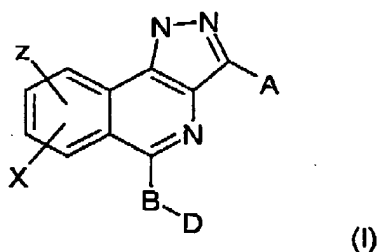
Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482  
Filing Date: July 3, 2003  
Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

**Amendment Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.121**

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

The claims set forth below with amendments as indicated will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

1. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula I



or a stereoisomeric form or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound of the formula I, wherein

A is  $-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl, in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by

$-O-R^1$  or  
 $-C(O)-OR^1$ , in which  $R^1$  is  
hydrogen atom or  
 $-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,

$-O-R^1$ ,

$-C(O)-OR^1$ , or

heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members, in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

B is a covalent bond, or

$-(C_1-C_4)$ -alkylene, in which alkylene is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by  $R^1$ , and  $R^1$  is defined as above,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

Filing Date: July 3, 2003

Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

D is heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members, in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or is substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , in which  $R^2$  is

hydrogen atom,

-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

-OH,

-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

halogen, or

-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

heterocycle having from 5 to 12 ring members, in which heterocycle is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above,

-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>)-aryl, in which aryl is ~~unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above~~

-OH,

-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, or

-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, or

-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl, in which cycloalkyl is ~~unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above~~

-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

-OH,

-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

halogen, or

-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, and

X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom,

-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

-OH,

-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), or

halogen.

2. (Currently amended) A The compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, wherein

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

Filing Date: July 3, 2003

Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

A is  $-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$ , in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by

$-O-R^1$ , or

$-C(O)\text{-}OR^1$ , in which  $R^1$  is hydrogen atom, or

$-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$ , or

$-C(O)\text{-}OR^1$ ,

B is a covalent bond,

D is  $\text{phenyl}$ , in which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

in which  $R^2$  is

hydrogen atom,

$-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$

$-OH$ ,

$-O\text{-(}C_1-C_3\text{)-alkyl}$ , or

$-N(R^3)\text{-}R^4$ , in which  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or  $-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$ ,

pyridyl, in which ~~pyridyl~~ pyridyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above, or

$-(C_4-C_6)\text{-cycloalkyl}$ , in which cycloalkyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above

$-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$ ,

$-OH$ ,

$-O\text{-(}C_1-C_3\text{)-alkyl}$ ,

halogen, or

$-N(R^3)\text{-}R^4$ , in which  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or  $-(C_1-C_3)\text{-alkyl}$ , and

X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or halogen.

3. (Currently amended) A The compound of the formula 1 as claimed in claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is selected from the group consisting of:

3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,

5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

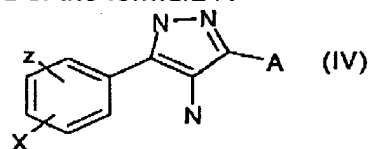
Filing Date: July 3, 2003

Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

3-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
 5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(4-diethylaminophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
~~5-benzyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
~~3-methyl-5-phenethyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
 3-methyl-5-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
~~7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
~~7-methoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
 7,8-dimethoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7-methoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
~~5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid,~~  
~~Methyl 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylate,~~  
~~(5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-3-yl)methanol,~~  
 2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
 4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-2,4-diol, and  
 4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-1,2-diol.

4. (Original) A process for preparing a compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, which comprises

a) reacting a compound of the formula IV

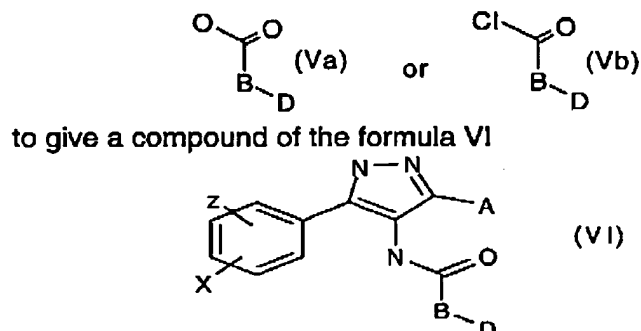


with a compound of the formulae Va or Vb

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

Filing Date: July 3, 2003

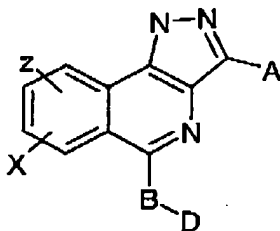
Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret



and reacting a compound of the formula VI in the presence of phosphorus pentoxide and phosphorus oxychloride to give a protected compound of the formula I and, removing the protecting group,

- b) resolving the compound of the formula I prepared in accordance with step a) and which, on account of its chemical structure, appears in enantiomeric forms, into the pure enantiomers by means of salt formation with enantiomerically pure acids or bases, chromatography on chiral stationary phases or derivatization using chiral enantiomerically pure compounds, such as amino acids, separating the resulting diastereomers and eliminating the chiral auxiliary groups, and
  - c) either isolating the compound of the formula I prepared in accordance with steps a) or b), in free form or, when acidic or basic groups are present, converting it into pharmaceutically acceptable salts.
5. (original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective content of at least one compound of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 together with a pharmaceutically suitable carrier optionally in combination with a suitable additive, other active compounds and auxiliary substances.
  6. (Currently amended) A method of treating a disease condition associated with the increased activity of NIK selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, rejection reactions on the part of the body against a transplanted organ or rejection reactions on the part of the transplanted organ against the body, comprising administering to a patient suffering from said disease condition a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula I

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482  
 Filing Date: July 3, 2003  
 Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret



(I)

or a stereoisomeric form or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of said compound of the formula I, optionally in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein

A is  $-(C_1-C_6)\text{-alkyl}$ , in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by

$-O-R^1$  or

$-C(O)-OR^1$ , in which  $R^1$  is

hydrogen atom or

$-(C_1-C_6)\text{-alkyl}$ ,

$-O-R^1$ ,

$-C(O)-OR^1$ ,

heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members,

in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or is substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , or

$-(C_6-C_{14})\text{-aryl}$ , in which aryl is unsubstituted or

substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

B is a covalent bond, or

$-(C_1-C_4)\text{-alkylene}$ , in which alkylene is straight-chain or branched and is substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by  $R^1$ , and  $R^1$  is defined as above,

D is heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members, in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or is substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

in which  $R^2$  is

hydrogen atom,

$-(C_1-C_4)\text{-alkyl}$ ,

$-OH$ ,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482  
Filing Date: July 3, 2003  
Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
halogen, or  
-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are,  
independently of each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-  
alkyl,

heterocycle having from 5 to 12 ring members,  
in which heterocycle is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or  
three times, independently of each other, by R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>2</sup> is defined  
as above,

-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>)-aryl, in which aryl is unsubstituted or  
substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each  
other, by R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>2</sup> is defined as above, or

-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-cycloalkyl, in which cycloalkyl is  
unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times,  
independently of each other, by R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>2</sup> is defined as above,  
and

X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other,  
hydrogen atom,  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
-OH,  
-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, or  
halogen.

7. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein

A is -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl, in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is  
unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice,  
independently of each other, by

-O-R<sup>1</sup>, or  
-C(O)-OR<sup>1</sup>, in which R<sup>1</sup> is  
hydrogen atom, or  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl,

phenyl, or  
-C(O)-OR<sup>1</sup>,

B is a covalent bond,

D is phenyl, in which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice  
or three times, independently of each other, by R<sup>2</sup>,  
in which R<sup>2</sup> is

hydrogen atom,  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl or,  
-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are,  
independently of each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-  
alkyl,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482  
Filing Date: July 3, 2003  
Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

pyridyl, in which pyridyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above, or  
-( $C_4$ - $C_6$ )-cycloalkyl, in which cycloalkyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above, and  
X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or halogen.

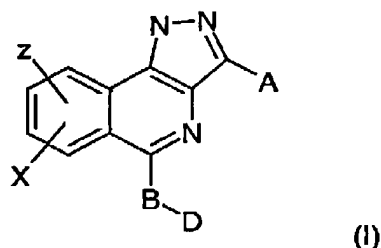
8. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 6 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(4-diethylaminophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-methyl-5-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-benzyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-methyl-5-phenethyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-methyl-5-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7-methoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7,8-dimethoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
7-methoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid,  
methyl 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylate,  
(5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-3-yl)methanol,  
2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-2,4-diol, and  
4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-1,2-diol.



Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482  
 Filing Date: July 3, 2003  
 Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

9. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the ~~diseases are~~ disease condition is osteoarthritis, ~~rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, rejection reactions on the part of the body against a transplanted organ or rejection reactions on the part of the transplanted organ against the body.~~
10. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the formula (I)



or a stereoisomeric form or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound of the formula I in combination with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, excipient or a carrier, wherein

A is  $-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl, in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by

$-O-R^1$  or

$-C(O)-OR^1$ , in which  $R^1$  is

hydrogen atom or

$-(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl,

$-O-R^1$ ,

$-C(O)-OR^1$ , or

heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members, in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

B is a covalent bond, or

$-(C_1-C_4)$ -alkylene, in which alkylene is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by  $R^1$ , and  $R^1$  is defined as above,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

Filing Date: July 3, 2003

Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

D is heteroaryl having from 5 to 14 ring members, in which heteroaryl is unsubstituted or is substituted once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , in which  $R^2$  is

hydrogen atom,  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
-OH,  
-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
halogen, or  
-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are,  
independently of each other, hydrogen atom or  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

heterocycle having from 5 to 12 ring members, in which heterocycle is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above,

-(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub>)-aryl, in which aryl is ~~unsubstituted or~~ substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , ~~and  $R^2$  is defined as above~~

~~-OH,  
-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, or  
-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are, independently of  
each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, or~~

-(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-cycloalkyl, in which cycloalkyl is ~~unsubstituted or~~ substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , ~~and  $R^2$  is defined as above~~

~~-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
-OH,  
-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
halogen, or  
-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-R<sup>4</sup>, in which R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are, independently of  
each other, hydrogen atom or -(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl, and~~

X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other,

hydrogen atom,  
-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,  
-OH,  
-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl), or  
halogen.

11. (Currently amended) The composition as claimed in claim 10, wherein

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

Filing Date: July 3, 2003

Examiner: Seaman, D. Margaret

A is  $-(C_1-C_3)$ -alkyl, in which alkyl is straight-chain or branched and is unsubstituted or optionally substituted, once or twice, independently of each other, by

$-O-R^1$ , or  
 $-C(O)-OR^1$ , in which  $R^1$  is  
hydrogen atom, or  
 $-(C_1-C_3)$ -alkyl, or

$-C(O)-OR^1$ ,

B is a covalent bond,

D is phenyl, in which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ ,

in which  $R^2$  is

hydrogen atom,  
 $-(C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl or  
 $-N(R^3)-R^4$ , in which  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are,  
independently of each other, hydrogen atom  
or  $-(C_1-C_3)$ -alkyl,

pyridyl, in which ~~pyridyl~~ pyridyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above, or

$-(C_4-C_6)$ -cycloalkyl, in which cycloalkyl is unsubstituted or substituted, once, twice or three times, independently of each other, by  $R^2$ , and  $R^2$  is defined as above, and

X and Z are identical or different and are, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or halogen.

12. (Currently amended) The composition as claimed in claim 10, wherein the compound of the formula I is selected from the group consisting of:

~~3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
3-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,

Application Ser. No.: 10/613,482

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5-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-(4-diethylaminophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
~~5-benzyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
~~3-methyl-5-phenethyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
 3-methyl-5-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
~~7-methoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,~~  
 7,8-dimethoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-2-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-pyridin-3-yl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7-methoxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid,  
~~Methyl 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylate,~~  
~~(5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-3-yl)methanol,~~  
 2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)phenol,  
 4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-2,4-diol, and  
 4-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-5-yl)benzene-1,2-diol.

13. (New) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

3,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-benzyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 3-methyl-5-phenethyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7,8-dimethoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 7-methoxy-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline,  
 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid,  
 methyl 5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinoline-3-carboxylate, and  
 (5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]isoquinolin-3-yl)methanol.

14. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more compounds as claimed in claim 13 in combination with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, excipient or a carrier.

15. (New) A method of treating a disease condition selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, rejection reactions on the part of the body against a transplanted organ or rejection reactions on the part of the transplanted organ against the body, comprising administering to a patient suffering from said disease condition a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 13.